

# THE CITIZEN

Devoted to the Interests of the Mountain People

Vol. XVII.

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## Do Your Share

Some people pride themselves upon their shrewdness in getting out of their share in the hard work of the world.

Instead of getting a living by raising crops and stock they live by "trading." The good farmer gets food and money out of the land, but the idle "swapper" hopes to get money out of his neighbor.

A man of nobility and pride loves to do the biggest day's work of any one when it comes to working on the road, or repairing the damages after a flood, or fighting fire, or building the new school house, or doing any other task for the public welfare. But the "shirker" and the "schemer" seem to count themselves happy if they can do as little as possible.

Such people get their punishment now in the scorn of their neighbors, however well concealed, and in the shrinkage of their own souls, and in the world to come they will be at the tail of the procession.

## Peace and War

It is hard to realize as we come and go in our peaceful occupations that so many whole nations are in the agonies of war. And this is a war of unusual fierceness and cruelty. The Turks are butchering women and children, as they always do, and the Germans have shocked the world by their barbarities and their almost shameless defense of the killing and torturing of those who are not soldiers. It is time for every Christian to pray for the hastening of the reign of the Prince of Peace.

## Skill and Good Roads

We are told that Kentucky spends two million dollars a year on roads. If this were expended wisely we would be out of the mud. The fault has been lack of skill and lack of honesty on the part of those who spent the money. We do not know how to get more honesty in the expending of this fund, but we should have more skill if the six engineers now employed by the State were increased to ten or perhaps more.

## Whiskey Men's Charge That West Virginia Is Bankrupt Is Refuted

### State Official Makes Denial

June 14, 1915.

maintenance of the state institutions.

Yours very truly,

Fred O. Bipe,  
State Tax Commissioner.

From another source, as well known and reputable, comes the following:

"I beg to say that West Virginia is not bankrupt and has not one cent of bonded indebtedness at this time. The state lost \$600,000 in revenue per year because of the people driving the liquor traffic from the state. This was at once made up by the board of public works in their 1914 levy. The additional tax costs the people of West Virginia five cents on each one-hundred by such men as the state auditor and the state tax commissioner, whose letter and addresses I enclose, that the tax rate will be lower because of the liquor traffic being driven from the state. It is impossible to find a man of standing in West Virginia until July 1st, 1914."

The legislature recently provided ample revenue to take care of the deficit and all necessary expenditures of government and for the

(Continued on page 5.)

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### A WORD TO OUR FRIENDS

It is certainly a pleasure to the management of The Citizen to realize how interested the general public is in the welfare of The Citizen. Our representatives are received throughout the country most cordially.



### News Snapshots Of the Week

car from Philadelphia. With the escape from El Paso, Tex., of General Orozco of Mexico, held under bond with ex-President Huerta for planning another revolt, United States authorities again arrested the latter and jailed him. Franklin D. Roosevelt, assistant secretary of the navy, is convalescent after operation for appendicitis. The Thaw insanity trial continued, his wife being arrested at her mountain retreat for contempt.

## IN OUR OWN STATE

**Pineville Postoffice Burglarized**  
Last Sunday the postoffice at Pineville was broken into by some boys and the cash drawer, which contained about seven dollars was emptied but no stamps were taken. After the police made an effort to run the boys down, four negroes were arrested. This, it is hoped by the citizens of Pineville, will put an end, for the time being, to the annoyance of the petty burglarizing that has been taking place recently.

**Big Four Places Large Coal Order For Kentucky Product**

For the first time the Big Four Railroad has placed an order for 150,000 tons of steam coal with mines within the territory of the Harlan coal fields. The shipment of this order began with July 1st of this year. Coal for this division of the Big Four was formerly bought in West Virginia. The coal has already been tested for steam purposes and gives entire satisfaction. It is believed that this initial purchase is only an opening wedge to an immense business to be secured from this and other Northern railroads.

### Teachers Institute at Harlan

The Teachers Institute will be held at Harlan beginning Monday, July 26, and continue for the week. It is hoped that this will be the best institute that ever was held in Harlan. It is urged that the teachers bring their problems that they may work them out together. It is announced that every teacher must attend these sessions unless prevented by sickness. No other excuse can be accepted. Professor Charles D. Lewis will be the instructor and a cordial invitation is extended to all patrons and those interested in educational advancement in Harlan County.

### Webb Jury Hangs

At the last term of court held at Irvine the trial of John M. Webb, under indictment for murder in connection with the killing of Waller Arthur, was finished. The jury after having been kept together till Saturday, was dismissed after announcing that no verdict could be reached. This trial resulted as did the three previous ones in a hung jury.

No civil actions were tried at this term of court. Those who were convicted of felonies were sentenced on Saturday morning to the State Reformatory at Frankfort. The court adjourned Saturday until the next regular term, which is in December.

### Irvine to Have Electric Lights

It is reported that by the 7th of August, Irvine will be enjoying electric lights. For some unaccountable reason the date corresponds with that of the primary election day. (It is presumed that on that day a few political lights will begin to glow while many others will flicker and go out forever.) The work of stringing the wires is well on the way as well as attaching the fixtures.

### Big Oil Developments in Estill

Within the year since the oil wells began to come in, in Estill County, twenty-two have been drilled with good results. These wells show a production of from ten to thirty barrels each per day. Pumping (Continued on page five.)

## UNITED STATES NEWS

### ROBERT LANSING

Confers With Wilson Over Reply to Berlin Note.



### Two American Shipbuilding Concerns to Go Into the Business.

Washington, July 13.—Formal notice has been received by the secretary of the navy that the New York Shipbuilding company and the Newport News Shipbuilding company, two of the largest concerns of the kind in the United States, are about to go into the business of constructing submarines. The news aroused great interest among naval officials because it probably means broader development in this type of war vessels.

At present there are only two submarine building companies in this country. That there is room for more is indicated by an apparent determination on the part of the present administration of the department to ask Congress to greatly enlarge the submarine fleet of the American navy.

### President Wilson Overruled By Democratic Peace-Seekers

Washington, July 14.—The holding of a Pan-American conference in this city a short time ago, was a magnificent effort on the part of the American Republics to get together for the promotion of their common commercial interests. The subsequent appointment of a committee by the Secretary of the Treasury for continuation of work along the same line, was also a move in the right direction.

But all these efforts, so far as the United States is concerned, cannot repair the injury done to the United States in Central and South America by this administration in discharging incompetent, experienced diplomatic representatives and filling their places with men with neither experience nor other special qualification.

The administration not only sacrificed the commercial interests of the United States, but forfeited a large measure of the respect this country earned by many years of effort to build up a high standard of diplomatic efficiency.

Immediately after securing the power, the administration began tearing down the merit system which had been built up by the promotions based on efficiency. So sudden and relentless was the onslaught that public men could scarcely believe the reports of changes made, for it was (Continued on page five.)

## USE GAS BOMBS TO WIN TRENCH

### Germans Hurl French Back In Attack.

### QUIET PREVAILS IN POLAND

Drives on Warsaw Now Planned by Teutons From New Base—Take Rest and Make Ready For Important Move.

London, July 13.—It is announced by the French war office that Souchez cemetery, which was taken by French troops last month after violent fighting, was the point of a concerted attack by the Germans.

The French war office makes a full admission of the loss in its communiqué, but fails to present any but the most meager details of the conflict. As the position of the cemetery is one of great importance, however, and as it had been won and held only at the greatest cost in lives and effort, there can be no doubt but that the defending troops did not give up the contested ground until they had been completely overwhelmed. The fact that asphyxiating bombs were used in preparing for the assault makes it practically certain that the defenders were greatly incapacitated even before the German charge was launched.

Early in the evening they began to prepare for an infantry charge by hurling quantities of asphyxiating bombs into the French trenches. Shortly before midnight the German troops, the ground supposedly having been well prepared, surged forth from their trenches and charged forward with bayonets.

There was fighting of an extremely desperate character and the Germans were temporarily hurled back. Immediately afterward, however, the Germans charged forward in ever greater numbers and with renewed determination, and this time managed to drive the French from the cemetery and a few of the adjoining trenches.

In the region of the north the enemy has bombarded the allies trenches before Lombardzeyl and Nieport. Two of the enemy's batteries were silenced. Despite the activity of the German artillery, which cannonaded our trenches from Garency to Souchez we were able by a counter attack to regain possession of a part of the trenches previously abandoned.

In the region of the Tisne there have been exchanges of mine explosions.

In the Champagne it was calm during the day. In the Argonne the activities were very great. Two German attacks were attempted in the Vals de la Croix Des Carmes. The first attack was thrown back with important losses, by our infantry fire.

The second was stopped before the enemy had been able to leave his trenches.

Comparative quiet reigned on the eastern battle front.

There are minor engagements in north Russian Poland, around Suwalki where the Germans claim to have captured a little less than two and a half miles of the Russian front. The Russians have taken the positions held by the Austrians south of Lublin and north of Krasnik, and no report comes of the activities of the Germans under Gen. von Mackensen. There is nothing to indicate that fighting continues either at Przemyśl in the Bieszczady region, or in the region of Pilica.

A dispatch from Vienna announces that having accomplished their objectives (Continued on page five.)

Knowledge is power—and the way to keep up with modern knowledge is to read a good newspaper.

## MAY FORECAST ACTION IN NOTE

### Wilson to Stand Firm in Reply to Berlin Note.

### WILL DECIDE ON MEASURES

President Will Confer With Cabinet and Decide Upon Measure to Meet the Issues Before He Sends His Reply to Germany.

Washington, July 13.—State department officials and others are now engaged in drafting memoranda for the use of the president in reaching a decision on the German crisis.

These will include not only a discussion of the legal aspect of the submarine issue in its present status, but also recommendations as to policy.

A conference between the president and Secretary Lansing will be the first step toward an actual decision as to the course of this government. The conference probably will not take place before the latter part of this week. The president and Mr. Lansing are much alike in their process, in one respect at least, both seeking a considerable period for undisturbed reflection as a preliminary to exchanging views with others. In the present instance both feel it would be wiser to defer their conference until each has had opportunity to arrive at his own conclusion independently. Consequently, whether Mr. Lansing will go to Cornish or not will depend upon whether the president prefers to have the meeting in Washington where he can also confer with his cabinet, or whether he would rather see Mr. Lansing first and defer discussion with his other advisers until next week.

This procedure indicates the deliberateness with which the president and his chief advisers have decided to approach the grave situation which the unresponsive German note has created. There is to be no haste in arriving at a decision and consideration of the action to be taken will cover every possible contingency.

Before such a note is dispatched, however, it is considered imperative that a definite decision be made as to what this government is prepared to do in the event that Germany further violates those American rights for which the president has contended. As public opinion has been interpreted here in the last three days it is believed the country is demanding two things:

First: The maintenance of the strong stand taken by the United States on the Lusitania case, and the principle involved in the submarine issue, but also,

Second: Keep the United States out of any conflict with Germany.

Study of editorial expression has convinced officials that these two demands upon the part of the newspaper commentators define the limits within which the administration's course must be laid in writing the next note to Germany.

That these two wishes on the part of the country are somewhat paradoxical in the sense that neither can be pursued to the limit without danger that the other will be blasted does not, in the opinion of officials here, make them any the less real.

Since Washington is convinced the last thing the country desires is a conflict with Germany, it is doubtful if the president's advisers here will recommend that in the coming note he commit himself to any definite course. (Continued on page five.)

## The Citizen

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KENTUCKY PRESS ASSOCIATION.

No Whiskey Advertisements!  
No Immodest News Items!Visiting Nurse Saves  
Her EyesightTHE RUTHERFORD  
GREATER SHOWSAt Blue Grass Fair, Lexington,  
Week of Aug. 2 to 7.

## FIFTEEN BIG ATTRACTIONS.

Largest and Most Complete Amusement Enterprise in the World—Two Big Bands Furnish Music—La Rose Electric Fountain a Marvel of Beauty and Color—Wild West Features, Old Time Minstrels and Trip to Mars Features of the Shows.

The Rutherford Greater Shows which will be at the Blue Grass Fair at Lexington for the entire week of Aug. 2 to 7, is one of the largest and most complete amusement enterprises in the world, carrying fifteen attractions, including two big bands and an imported Berni organ, big free acts, etc.

This large tented organization travels on its own train of twenty cars, having all its own wagons and horses, and it employs about 300 people for its various attractions.

The feature show is the La Rose Electric Fountain. This is the only portable fountain in the world and has the distinction of being the only public attraction ever allowed to show in the United States custom house in Louisville, Ky.

The Electric Fountain consists of fire, water and electricity and human life, showing electrical effects of every color of the rainbow, water spouting forth a hundred feet in the air and forming in colonnades and pyramids and, in the center of all this, beautiful living poses. This is all worked under the personal supervision of Mr. George La Rose, the inventor, and is absolutely the most beautiful of all electrical wonders.

The Wild West Show features Miss Julian Allen and her \$10,000 dancing horse, Teddy. Teddy is superb in the art of riding and dancing and is the greatest of trick horses, being the nearest to human intelligence ever witnessed in an animal. There are also bucking broncos ridden in a daring manner by cowboys and cowgirls, as in every other Wild West show.

The Itsee Brothers' Affrindlers is a revival of the old time colored minstrels, such as has not been seen for years. It is a scream from start to finish of genuine down south dinkies, songs and dances. The Affrindlers have their own band and orchestra.

A new departure has been made this year in the Autodrome. Heretofore motorcycles only have been used on the saucer shaped tracks, but this season a much larger drone is used and an automobile is driven at almost the speed of a cannon ball, 100 miles an hour, racing with the demon motorcycles. Miss Maud Smith has the honor of driving a Grand motorcar and is the only lady driver in the world having the nerve to participate in this thrilling exhibition. The track is built at an angle of seventy-eight degrees, and the speed must at all times be from 90 to 100 miles an hour, as they practically defy the laws of gravitation.

The exhibit must consist of both vegetables and flowers which have been produced entirely by the pupils, the pupils of a single school combining for each exhibit.

Space for exhibits must be secured not later than Monday, July 26, and the exhibit must be in place not later than Monday, Aug. 2, at 12 o'clock noon.

It is hoped that every school in the Blue Grass will take advantage of this tremendous premium and enter the contest.

The track is under the management of the world's greatest daredevil rider, Mr. J. Swan.

The Athletic Show featuring Paul Howser and Cora Livingston is well known throughout the entire country and is a high class attraction, Mr. Howser being the welterweight champion wrestler of the world and Miss Livingston being the champion lady wrestler of the world.

Zello and Her Tango Girls hold forth at the vaudeville show, where the new dances and songs are shown.

Ted Metz's big circus side show of curious freaks from all parts of the world is practically ten shows in one and is very entertaining and unusual for both young and old.

Paulson's Big City, with its hundreds of little minikins in action motion, is another attraction that all should see.

The Trip to Mars is another show that should not be missed. This feature is the greatest laugh producer that has ever been exhibited by any organization. The Trip to Mars takes you to clouds and instantly drops you what you think to be 1,000 feet, but it is absolutely harmless. By all means don't fail to pay it a visit.

Beauty and the Beast, the Illusion show, is on the order of the great Keller, Thurston and others.

Then comes Tarno and his den of living reptiles. In addition to these there is the brand new Tillon caravan of the latest type, three abreast, which has the distinction of being the largest and most finely carved machine of its kind in the world, having a carrying capacity of about 250.

Last but not least is the Ferris Wheel, managed by Mr. T. K. Edwards, which rises to about 100 feet in the air. It is one of the largest of its kind in the world. There are two big free attractions, music by Professor Marranzini and his Royal Italian Band of twenty-five pieces. In conjunction with this there is a big seventy man band Berni Organ and Mr. La Rose's Electrical Air Calliope.

## SCHOOL GARDEN PRODUCTS.

Big Premium Offered For Best and Most Attractive Exhibit.

An encouragement to the schools of the Blue Grass to engage in home and school gardening Mr. L. L. Haggan, president of the Blue Grass Fair Association, offers this year a premium of \$50 to the public school that will make the best and most attractive exhibit.

The association and Mr. Haggan are glad to do this both because of the educational and economic value to the pupils who engage in home and school gardening and also because of its aim and purpose to promote agricultural pursuits in every way possible. A silver cup is also offered, which must be won two successive years by the same school to become a permanent possession.

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## Temperance

(Conducted by the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union)

## FROM MANY WITNESSES.

In summing up a complete refutation of the statements sent out by the National Wholesale Liquor Dealers association in an article on "Facts About Prohibition in Kansas," Governor Arthur Capper says:

Let us call the witnesses and see what they think of prohibition in Kansas. If anyone should know, they should know, for they live with it and under it:

The governor of Kansas says prohibition is a great success.

Every state official who has spoken out says prohibition succeeds.

More than 700 editors and newspaper men of Kansas in state convention, unanimously endorsed prohibition.

Every political party in Kansas favors the prohibition law.

No minister has ever opened his mouth in favor of return of license; neither has any schoolteacher.

The president of Kansas Retailers says prohibition pays.

The president of the State Bankers' association believes that prohibition is a tremendous asset to Kansas.

One hundred and sixty-six bankers have filed their testimony in favor of the law with the Temperance society of the Methodist Episcopal church, and only six could be found in all the states who doubted the wisdom of this legislation.

The president of the Kansas Medical society believes in prohibition.

The president of the Commercial club of Kansas has said that prohibition has added real value to every acre of Kansas land.

The supreme court has testified in the following strong language to the benefits of the prohibition law:

The prohibitory law is well enforced throughout the state. It is as generally well enforced as any other criminal law. The enforcement of the law distinctly promotes social welfare and reduces to a minimum economic waste consequent upon the liquor traffic and allied evils. The saloonkeeper and his comrades have been excluded from effective participation in the politics of the state.

And to completely settle the question for all time the legislature of Kansas, not by a majority, but unanimously passed at its last session a concurrent resolution affirming in no uncertain language its belief in the advantage of prohibition.

## FOR WHAT OTHER PURPOSE?

"The moving picture show has become a powerful factor in arousing the prejudice of thoughtless and weak-minded people against the liquor interests, and particularly against the saloon," says the *Liberator Advocate*, a liquor dealers' organ.

"In virtually every blood and thunder and crime film produced there is sure to be a scene depicting a bunch of lowbrow plotting some villainy from burglary to murder while licking up liberal libations of liquor to give them the proper amount of courage to accomplish their deed.

"Each day thousands of these films are portrayed to millions of men, women and children in every part of the country, and those who know no better, and many who ought to know better, soon become imbued with the belief that liquor is only manufactured and saloons established for the purpose of increasing lawlessness and crime."

## PAYS NOTHING BACK.

This from *Billy Sunday*:

"The saloon comes as near being a rat hole for a wage earner to dump his wages in as anything you can find. The only interest it pays is red eyes and foul breath and the loss of health. You go in with money and you come out with empty pockets. You go in with character and you come out ruined. You go in with a good position and you lose it. You lose your position in the bank, or in the cab of the locomotive. And the saloon pays nothing back but disease and damnation and gives an extra dividend in delirium tremens and a free pass to perdition. And then it will let your wife be buried in the potter's field, and your children go to the asylum, and yet you walk out and say that the saloon is a good institution, when it is the dirtiest thing on earth. It hasn't one leg to stand on and has nothing to commend it to a decent man, not one thing."

## BILL BOARDS IN LINE.

By its action in refusing to accept further advertising contracts for whisky or distilled and spirituous liquors, the members of the Poster Advertising association place themselves in line with the 620 daily newspapers and scores of magazines in the United States whose columns are closed to all liquor advertising.

## DRASTIC HOPESTON.

An ordinance has been adopted in Hopeston, Ill., providing that any member of the city council, mayor, or any other city official who, when in Hopeston, drinks intoxicants shall be removed from office.

## WATER FOR CHRISTENING.

That water from the first flow over the spillways of the great Roosevelt dam in Arizona will be used to christen the launching of the new battleship Arizona is the decree of Governor Hunt.

INTERNATIONAL  
SUNDAY SCHOOL  
LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of Sunday School Course, The Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)

## LESSON FOR JULY 18

SOLOMON CHOOSES WISDOM.

LESSON TEXT—I Kings 3:4-16.  
GOLDEN TEXT—The fear of Jehovah is the beginning of wisdom. Prov. 9:10. R. V.

Last week we had the story of a young man whose childhood was unrestrained and ungoverned, who proved to be a bad failure, unable to govern the kingdom he so much desired. Today, by contrast, we study the life of a younger brother, who, under better influences, chose the way that leads to true success. Emphasize therefore the fact that this Sunday is "Decision Day."

1. Solomon's Part (vv. 3-9). (1) Preparation (v. 3). Solomon was looking out of the open gateway of life. Still the text suggests that there was preparation for his hearing of God's wonderful promise, "Ask what I shall give thee." (a) He "loved the Lord" (v. 2).

One hundred and sixty-six bankers have filed their testimony in favor of the law with the Temperance society of the Methodist Episcopal church, and only six could be found in all the states who doubted the wisdom of this legislation.

The president of the Kansas Medical society believes in prohibition.

The president of the Commercial club of Kansas has said that prohibition has added real value to every acre of Kansas land.

(2) Presentation (v. 4). He offered "harm offerings," a thousand, when legally one would have sufficed. The tabernacle was a type of Christ (John 1:14 R. V. and John 14:6) and each of the one thousand sacrifices also pointed forward to the Christ. The Christian has a better ground whereon to approach God (Heb. 10:1-22) than that of countless sacrifices of rams and bulls.

(3) Revelation (v. 5). God appeared to Solomon in a dream, we have a better revelation in Jesus and the inspired Word, still it was a real appearance to him as subsequent events prove. (Gen. 28:12, 13; Matt. 1:20; Acts 18:9, 10). Scientists themselves confess that they know comparatively little about dreams. That God can and does even in modern times give us revelations of truth by such means as was witnessed by the book by the late Dr. A. J. Gordon, "How Christ Came to Church." That dream transformed a pastor.

(4) Position (vv. 6, 7). In reply to God's wonderful permission to Solomon, the setting before him of his infinite resources, Solomon first of all acknowledged his debt to David, his father. God's kindness, his faithfulness and "bounty" (marg.) to David had been according to the manner of his walking in "uprightness of heart"; and to crown that kindness, he, Solomon, is "the son to sit on his throne." This acknowledgment involved a definite obligation or service for which Solomon felt his unworthiness.

(5) Petition (vv. 8, 9). Seeing the greatness of the responsibility now resting (v. 8) upon him Solomon's plea is for wisdom. Already he had shown that he had in him the root of true wisdom (Prov. 1:7 and Golden Text). Solomon seemed to realize his responsibility, first to God and then to the people, for he said, "Who is able to judge this Thy great people?" R. V. This is the true and right relation of duty, public or private, God first, the people afterward. Solomon asked for a "bearing heart" (see R. V. marg.). Such a request was of more value than great riches (Prov. 3:13-18) and was in line with his father David's petition (I Chron. 22:12; 29:19); another suggestion as to how fathers should pray for their sons.

11. God's Part, vv. 10-15. (1) His Pleasure (vv. 10, 11). Solomon had not asked for self, for pleasure nor for earthly power and hence God's delight. God delights in an intelligent prayer (Prov. 15:8). It is a greater thing to make a speech that pleases God than one to please man. Verse eleven tells of some of the things Solomon might have asked for, and which doubtless many of us would have asked under the same circumstances.

(2) His Performance (v. 12). But Solomon made a more wise choice, hence God's pleasure to do not only all he had asked, according to his human words, but more also (Eph. 3:20). His name has become a proverb, synonymous with the greatest wisdom (v. 28, Ch. 6:29-34; 6:12 etc.). Seeking what seemed to be the minor thing God gave him the best (Matt. 6:33; Rom. 8:32; Ch. 10:23-29) and that which thou hast not asked."

(3) His Promise (v. 14). As though to heap up his goodness, as a sort of reward of merit, God offered Solomon "long life" on one condition only, viz., obedience. Such a promise is ours and the world has yet to realize the wisdom of God's ordinances for the good of our physical well being (Deut. 32:16; 26:16; Prov. 3:1; 14:18-23; 1 Tim. 4:8). All of God's promises are conditioned upon our obedience. It is sad to think that with all of his wisdom Solomon failed to learn the wisdom of obedience (I Kings 11:42) and died a comparatively young man.

## SADDLE HORSES AT THE BLUE GRASS FAIR, LEXINGTON, KY., AUG. 2-7



SADDLE horses will be an important feature at Lexington this year. Outstanding in importance among the live stock features of the Blue Grass Fair will be the Kentucky stake, guaranteed \$500, to be divided into six moneys. This stake closed with forty-three entries, representing all of the best breeders in central Kentucky, and was inaugurated this year by the Fair Association and the stake guaranteed by the management. Additional stakes for yearlings, two-year-olds and aged classes should make this year's program the most attractive ever seen at a fair for saddle horses, as both three and five gaited classes are provided for.

## THE HELPING HAND.

Only those who have extended a helping hand to those in distress know the quiet joy that is born of such good works. The secret of happiness, at least of the most assured and tranquil happiness that is possible in this life, is to be absorbed in the affairs of others and particularly in their troubles. The man who can be so absorbed is sure not to be miserable, because he will never be aware of his own misfortunes. For them he will substitute the misfortunes of others.

## MOUNTAIN AGRICULTURE

Conducted by Mr. Robert F. Spence, Farm Demonstrator and Special Investigator

Responses to our Editorial, "A Farmer's Question," by two of our up to date farmers

Dear Editor:

In reply to your editorial "A Farmer's Question" of July 8th will say that it is a hard matter for a farmer who depends entirely on his farm for an income to arrange to have that income in monthly installments like a man who works for a salary.

He plants his several crops in the spring and most of necessity, wait until they can be grown and marketed for his revenue. That the present system practiced by many of our mountain farmers can be greatly improved upon goes without saying.

In many mountain homes you will find a man, wife, and say, three children. This man will most likely have five dogs. He raised a small crop of corn last year, and has enough to bread his family by close economy; but he feeds half of it to those dogs and the 1st of July finds him without bread for his children, and no money to buy with. He is busy in his little crop and cannot get out to work, and so he is forced to get credit of the merchant. For this accommodation he pays from 25 to 30 per cent more for his goods than they would cost him for cash. Now I would suggest that he shoot those dogs with the ammunition that he uses to kill useful birds and feed their bread and scraps to a good Durac sow that will bring an average of eight pigs and have two litters a year. These pigs should come in March and September and weigh 100 pounds when sold, which, this year, would bring 7 cents per pound, or \$56 per litter. So if it can be readily seen that to keep the dogs costs \$12 per year.

Two other factors which are soon destined to greatly influence the farmer not only in his life, but his income as well, and that is the country school teacher and the county agricultural agent.

I hope I will not be misunderstood if I say that I wish that the development of the timber and mineral resources of the mountains might not come for awhile yet. They need these things badly enough but they are not ready for them. If the twentieth century school teacher and the county agricultural agent could have full sway for the next ten years, then, as these mineral and timber developments came, the farmers would be ready to make money every month in the year.

However, in spite of the deficiencies and lack of ideal conditions for the farmer. There are many ways in which he can make some money if he is wide-awake and alert. The railroads and saw-mills have already come to some valleys, and in not a few places the Parcel Post mail is a realized fact. For these favored few it is only a matter of the farmer growing the pigs, chickens, or vegetables. The money is waiting. In the more isolated valleys make your plans to grow an extra brood of pigs, a few more lambs and a little more feed for the spring months with which to buy seeds, fertilizers, and tools. In the fall comes the sale of cattle, and later, at Christmas time, a few fat hogs, or a beef. Of course this all takes planning ahead.

Then in the winter months some farmers can cut a few railroad ties, staves, or saw-logs. This will only apply to those who have land and have not already sold their timber and mineral rights.

Then again for the winter months some men know how to make chairs and baskets, churns, wooden trays, brooms, and axe and hoe handles. Of course the chicken and egg industry can be made a big business in the mountains and this will bring an income mostly in the spring and winter months. In many places where there are lumber and mining camps the canning industry will be a large source of revenue. There are a lot of ways the mountain farmer can make money if he will only get up and hustle. Many of them have caught the spirit of hustle already, and many more will in the next few years. As I said in the beginning, education will help to solve this problem more than any other one thing. And again as I said, these changes, these developments are coming too soon. The mountain people, as a rule, have not education enough to meet these changed conditions. Many of them will be selling their farms, their minerals and timber rights and moving to the lumber or mining camp too soon, to be swallowed by the foreign population that comes to these places.

The mountain people should hold on to their farms. When the saw-mill leaves the valley, and when the mines cease to run the man who owns the land will be the man that is worth while.

W. L. Flanery.

Each answer will vary by reason of different conditions of soil, of people, of climate, moisture, railroads, waterways, size of farm, education and financial resources. I say by this reason, you cannot make a general answer to this question.

If all people had access alike to railroads or waterways, if the soil and climate were alike, and if all people were educated alike then and not until then, could you begin to answer the question in a general way. There is one reason which I have given that will affect more people and help more of them to

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## LOCAL PAGE

NEWS OF BREA AND VICINITY, GATHERED FROM A VARIETY OF SOURCES

**BRECK & EVANS**  
RICHMOND, KY.  
FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT,  
AND LIVE STOCK  
INSURANCE  
See the New Life Policy.

**THE CREECH STUDIO**

Is the place to get your pictures made. We guarantee our work.

Main St., over Richardsons Store

Office Phone 75-2 Resident Phone 75-3  
**Dr. D. R. Botkin**  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON  
Office Hours, 8 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m.  
Office, Berea National Bank Building, Berea, Ky.

**LAW OFFICE**

**H. L. McMURRAY, Attorney-at-Law**  
Office over Engle's Store, Berea, Ky.

**C. Tevis, the Tailor**

For the best cleaning, pressing, dyeing and repairing that your town has ever been able to afford. All work guaranteed. Please let me do your work. I am located on

**Short Street in the Cornelius Building**  
Call and give me a trial.

**L. & N. TIME TABLE**

North Bound, Local

**Knoxville** 7:00 a. m. 10:55 p. m.  
**Berea** 1:07 p. m. 3:54 a. m.  
**Cincinnati** 6:15 p. m. 7:45 a. m.

South Bound, Local

**Cincinnati** 6:40 a. m. 8:15 p. m.  
**Berea** 12:37 p. m. 12:25 a. m.  
**Knoxville** 7:00 p. m. 5:50 a. m.

**Express Train**

No 33 will stop to take on passengers for Knoxville and points beyond.

**South Bound**

**Cincinnati** 8:00 a. m.  
**Berea** 11:45 a. m.

No. 32 will stop at Berea to take on passengers for Cincinnati, O., and points beyond.

**North Bound**

**Berea** 4:55 p. m.  
**Cincinnati** 8:50 p. m.

Leo. E. Gilligan is in Knoxville, Tenn., this week taking the high school examination.

F. M. Morgan left for Hazard Tuesday, for a few days.

**CHILDREN: DO YOU KNOW WHY YOUR MOTHER TRADES AT THE BOOSTER CLUB STORE?**

Ask her, and write us a letter. The boy or girl under twelve years of age who writes us a letter on why his or her mother does or ought to trade at the Booster Club Store and present it to us, we shall give a sack of candy and fifty coupons free, which may be voted for any Booster, and the one who writes the best letter will be given a gold watch. The letters will be judged by a local committee of disinterested persons.

This letter contest closes on Saturday, August 14th.

The premium will be awarded the following week.

The letters will be put on display in our store for everybody to see.

**WE WANT EVERY BOY AND GIRL WITHIN TEN MILES TO WRITE US A LETTER.**

Thousands of coupons may be secured by the special offers this week. See the posters at our store.

What Booster will win the watch Monday, July 26th?

Our windows were trimmed by Mrs. J. F. Dean.

We are going to give the children under twelve years of age the chance of their lives. We are going to give to the one who writes the best letter telling why mothers do or ought to trade at The Booster Store, a Gold Watch.

**Mrs. J. M. Early**

THE BOOSTER STORE

*Map Sir*

**THIS MODERN MEN'S STORE IS READY**

To serve you with all hot weather needs

The warm summery days with a steadily rising thermometer emphasize the importance of supplying all hot-weather needs at once.

Cool, comfortable, Palm Beach suits, fine looking silk shirts, silk hats, underwear, etc.

**PONY CONTEST BEGINS JUNE 25**

This store is one of the associated merchants who are conducting the Shetland Pony Contest to begin June 25th. We give votes with every purchase. Start now to win.

RICHMOND

**J. S. STANIFER**

KENTUCKY

**THE OLD RELIABLE**  
Meat Market and Grocery

## For High Class

Meats  
Lard  
Groceries

Vegetables

Fruits

Flour  
Meal  
Mill Feed

Ask for stamps.

**JOE W. STEPHENS****METHODIST NEWS**

The tent meetings being held at the M. E. Church are increasing in attendance and interest. The two evangelists, Rev. Franklin and Rev. Kenyon, are gaining many warm friends. The former's brother, Dr. Franklin, who is visiting in Berea this week, is on his way to Barboursville, where he has been appointed president of Union College.

Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Gabbard returned from Indianapolis last Thursday. Mr. Gabbard, who had received treatment at Clifton Spring while there, was greatly improved in health.

Miss Alice Donegan is spending the month of July with Mr. and Mrs. Carter Robinson in Detroit, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Serrivner and little daughter, Helen, returned last week from a visit of several days with their daughter, Mrs. Harold Van Winkle in Cincinnati.

Mrs. Benj. Dean has returned from an extended visit with friends in the North.

Miss Grace Cornelius was in Richmond, Thursday, to hear Miss Alice Nielsen, who is considered the leading soprano singer in America today.

Mrs. Edgar Moore and Joe Johnson were in Richmond on court day.

Watch our windows for "Specials" during our sale, July 15th to July 24th. Mrs. S. R. Baker. ad-3

Mrs. Addie Tienty of Wallacetown was called to Clover Bottom this week by the illness of her little granddaughter, child of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Bowling. The baby is still in a critical condition from infantile paralysis.

Mrs. Zeal O. Logan and daughter, Nancy, returned from visiting her husband's parents at Somersel. She will continue with her parents in Berea a short time ere joining her husband in Montana, where he has accepted a lucrative position as electrical engineer.

Miss Clarice Beauchere of Chatham, Ontario, Canada, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. D. W. Brown.

Bert Johnson, who graduated from our Agricultural Course in the year of 1911, sends a gift to the Berea Graduate Fund from Marlinton, W. Va.

The annual meeting of the Kentucky State Association of Graduates will be held in the assembly room of the First Baptist Church at Owensboro, July 15-16-17, 1915. A good program will be given.

J. P. Chenault and Dart Curtis of Richmond are visiting at the home of D. P. Martin at Boones Gap.

**BAKER'S CLEARANCE SALE**

Begins July 15th, and lasts until July 24th. ad-3

**ANNOUNCEMENT**

We are authorized to announce Walter Q. Park of Richmond as a candidate for representative of Madison County, subject to the action of the Democratic primary, August 7, 1915. The only announced dry man in the field. (ad-6)

**The Berea Fair**

This Fair is to be better than ever before. Mr. Fish and others are straining every nerve to make it the best. It is sure to be if you will co-operate. Remember the new features in the way of live-stock, poultry, farm products, farm machinery and every thing in fact that benefits the farmer and pleases the city folk.

Don't forget the date. Look for the advertisement in another column.

**FOR SALE**

**TWO HORSE CAGE-MILL**—On wheels and portable furnace. Both in good condition. For particulars call on or write: Mrs. J. W. Adams, Whites Station, Ky. ad-3.

**Our Advice Is:**  
When you feel out of sorts from cold, poison, let us say that if you do not relieve you, see a physician, because no other home remedy will. Sold only by us, 10 cents.

**Penall Orderlies**  
Porter-Moore Drug Co., Inc.

The bridges on Scaffold Lane and Big Hill pikes. Travel was suspended as horse, men and teamsters feared to cross the foaming floods. Corn fields on the flats were two feet under water. Houses on low ground were invaded by a foot of water. On Boone street some houses were lifted from their foundations. The bottom lands along the creek bottoms suffered. It is estimated that the loss to the creek bottoms between Berea and Potts' mill on Silver Creek will amount to thousands of dollars. Berea surely had a lake for a few hours.

**WOULDN'T BE WOODEN**

The near-sighted woman who talked to an Indian in front of a cigar store about his son's salvation declared afterward that she would rather talk to a wooden man than be a wooden Christian and never talk to anybody.—The Christian Herald.

**FOR SALE**

**PERFECTION OIL RANGE**—Three burners; good oven; shield in good condition. Will sell very cheap. 1 ad-3 E. B. English

A good beginning is half-way to the end.—Pythagoras.

**Monuments and Headstones**

If you buy out of town, and all your neighbors buy out of town, what will become of our town? See our stock before you send your money away.

**"The Quality Shop"**

**Joe. Harwood, Mgr.**  
Berea Ky.

**Prosperity Never Goes Hand in****Hand with Sighs and Tears****Get Busy-Hustle****Fish's****'TIS A FEAT**

To find good meat, but I do it. My fresh meat, cured meat and country hams are a joy forever. If you want to enjoy life to its fullest extent buy some of my canned beef and cook it with cabbage and you will acquire the "smile that won't come off."

Fresh bread three times a week. Garden seed at 1-2 price. Zaring's Patent Flour, Potts' Gold Dust Flour, Isaacs' Cream of Wheat and Potts' Graham Flour are all Madison County products and as good as any flour on any market.

My store is sanitary, my goods are first class and fresh and you are sure to be pleased if you trade with

**C. G. DEGMAN***"The Square Deal Man"*

Berea, Ky.

Phone 65

**3 BIG DAYS--MT. VERNON FAIR--AUGUST 4, 5, 6.**



OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS  
A. Isaac, President J. W. Stephens, Vice President  
John P. Dean, Cashier  
R. H. Chrisman J. K. Baker P. Cornelius W. O. Hayes  
J. W. Baker A. H. Williams E. C. Wynn

BEREA BANK & TRUST CO.  
Main Street Berea, Kentucky

GETTING SAVED BY  
INSTALLMENTS

A missionary once said to a German Jew in Bulgaria, "I want you to consent to be a Christian for twenty-four hours; then you may see how it seems and how you like it. Will you do so?" "Oh, yes, I will for twenty-four hours." "Well, then, first, I want you to believe that Jesus was born of the Virgin Mary." The Jew threw up both hands and exclaimed, "Oh, no, I could not do that." "But, it's only for twenty-four hours." "Very well, then, I will." "Second, I want you to believe that Jesus died on the cross for the sins of the world." "Impossible, impossible! I could not believe that." "But it's only for twenty-four hours." "Well, well, all right; I will till tomorrow." "Third, I want you to believe that Jesus arose from the dead." "Oh, oh, that I could not do." "But just for the time being?" So he consented. "Fourth, I want you to believe that Jesus ascended into the heavens." "Oh, impossible! No man could do that." "But just believe it till tomorrow. Fifth, I want you to kneel down with me and pray to Christ the Savior." The old Jew prayed, "O God, Jehovah! If Christ be the true Son of God, let him save me!" When they arose the Jew, putting his hand upon his heart, said to the pastor, "I feel so strange right here." He had received a touch of the divine spirit in his soul. The next day he came to the minister and said, with a smile upon his face and peace in his heart, "I will take him for another twenty-four hours." —The Christian Herald.

THE REASON OF THE WAR

This frightful war is upon us as judgment for the apostasy of the church. She has deserted the humanity of Jesus and sold herself to the miserable egotism of Nationalism.

There was no Patriotism in Jesus. He was for Humanity.

War is utterly, abominably, horribly opposed to Christ!

It is the very spirit of Antichrist! If the nominal Christian of Europe had simply said: "We will not go out and kill out neighbors. Take us and shoot us. We can die. We cannot deny our Master," there would have been no war. There would have been no cannon-fodder. —Dr. Frank Crane, in the Christian Herald.

THE MAN WHO FAILS

The man who fails is the sort of chap  
Who is always looking around for a snap;  
Who neglects his work to regard the clock;  
Who never misses a chance to knock.  
  
He is slouchy and slow when work begins;  
When it's time to quit, he jokes and grins.  
He's always as busy as busy can be,  
When he thinks the boss is around to see.  
  
He believes that "pull" is the only way  
By which he can ever draw bigger pay;  
And he sulks and growls when he sees his plan.  
Upset by the "push" of another man.  
  
He's on the job when he draws his pay;  
That done, he soldiers his time away;  
While the men who tackle their jobs with vim  
Keep pushing and climbing ahead of him.  
  
For the man who fails has himself to blame,  
If he wastes his chances, and misses his aim;  
He'd win, if he'd used his hands and wits;  
The man who fails is the man who quits.

—Charles R. Barrett.

MEXICANS RAVAGED BY  
TUBERCULOSIS

The decimation of the Mexican population of the southwest by tuberculosis is brought to the attention of the public for the first time. The author considers that the peons are much less resistant than either Negroes or Indians, and he paints a pathetic picture of the ravages of the disease. The tuberculosis death rate of this particular class was found to be four times that of the registration area, and recovery, once the infection develops, is almost unheard of. The causes are attributed to low racial immunity, and insanitary living conditions.

A boy without ambitions rarely comes to true greatness.—Sarah K. Hunt.

FREE!

FREE!

A small Out-door Canner, No. 25, made by Berea School of Roofing, free to those who will send in 20 yearly subscriptions for The Citizen at one dollar each.

Here is a chance to get an In-door Canner, which will cost you \$3.50 alone; we give it and The Citizen for \$3.75. Send in your order to The Citizen office with \$3.75 and we will extend your subscription one year and send you one of these valuable Canners.

## NARROW ESCAPE

500 VISITORS ABOARD THE BIG BATTLESHIP ALABAMA WHEN FIRE STARTED.

Crew Divided Into Two Parts, One-half Fighting Flames and Others Hustling Down the Gangplank.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. Philadelphia, Pa.—Five hundred visitors were aboard the battleship Alabama, flagship of Rear Admiral Helm, commander of the reserve fleet, at League Island, when fire was discovered under the forward turret of the 13-inch guns and dangerously close to the magazines. Immediately the alarm gong boomed through the big craft, whereat the crew divided into two parts, one-half fighting the flames and the other hustling down the gangplank. Fortunately—for there was enough gunpowder aboard the ship to blow her into smithereens—the fire was discovered before it had gained very much headway. However, it took an hour of stiff work on the part of the sailors to subdue the flames, which at one time were so threatening that a squad of men were ordered to stand by and be ready to flood the magazine. The Alabama recently returned from patrol duty off the Virginia Capes. Her magazines were loaded to the brim with ammunition.

BRITISH SHIPS WARNED

Washington.—Warning to look out for bombs concealed in their holds was flashed from the naval wireless towers at Arlington to two ships at sea which sailed from New Orleans July 9. Both the vessels, the British steamships Howth Head and Baron Napier, cleared with cargoes of mules for the British army July 8 and sailed the next day, the former for Dublin and Belfast, via Norfolk, and the latter direct for Avonmouth. Sending of the warning was ordered by Secretary Daniels upon receiving a telegram from a New Orleans newspaper saying a letter to that paper, signed "Pearce," indicated that explosives had been placed aboard those vessels.

RECEPTION ACCORDED CONSUMPTIVES NOT ALWAYS CORDIAL

Marked antagonism has developed in many western cities toward tuberculosis sufferers. Great difficulty is at times encountered in securing hotel accommodations and boarding places. Even hospital care is occasionally denied to those amply provided with funds. Part of this feeling is due to objectionable conduct on the part of consumptives themselves, and also to fear of the disease. Much of it is unreasonable and unjust. Even in towns largely composed of the invalid class this feeling is sometimes manifested. In some cities, at least, it is due to a determined effort to rid the community of the presence of invalids. So strong is this resentment that the health service warns all those who present an appearance of invalidism to be governed accordingly.

MORMON'S BOOMERANG

In the "Book of Mormon," page 57, chapter 21, is an imaginary prophecy directed against the Christian Church. It may be quoted here, as the prophecy, though false, yet is true in a sense; for it is a boomerang returning to smite the church from which it came. It reads:

"For the time speedily shall come, that all churches which are built up to get gain, and all those who are built up to get power over the flesh, and those who are built up to become popular in the eyes of the world, and those who seek the lusts of the flesh and the things of the world, and to do all manner of iniquity; yea, in fine, all those who belong to the kingdom of the devil, are they who need fear and tremble and quake; they are those who must be brought low in the dust; they are those who must be consumed as stubble; and this is according to the words of the prophet." —The Christian Herald.

WHISKY MEN'S CHARGE THAT  
WEST VIRGINIA IS BANKRUPT  
IS REFUTED

(Continued from page 1.)  
ginia who will say that the state's condition has been damaged financially or otherwise by reason of the liquor people being driven from the state.

"West Virginia is meeting all obligations and will continue to do so. A temporary deficit, a comparatively small amount, has been overcome by the passage of adequate revenue laws.

"West Virginia has a lower rate of taxation per capita than any state in the Union, except four, yet at this rate sufficient money will be raised this year to pay all obligations.

"Here is a sample: I just went over the records in the city of Charleston today, and find that the

SULTAN OF TURKEY

Death of Turkish Ruler Is  
Reported From Rome.



## BLUE GRASS FAIR, Inc.

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The Rutherford Greater Shows 20 Special Cars—300 People

Weber's Prize Band of America Sensational Free Acts

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JOHN W. BAIN, Secretary  
LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY

GET READY FOR

## THE BEREA FAIR

July 29, 30 and 31, 1915

For Information write  
E. T. FISH, Secy., Berea, Kentucky

French Fighters Are Home

Paris.—A large number of French troops who had not seen their families since they left for the front, 11 months ago, returned to Paris on a four days' furlough. They are remarkable types, hitherto unknown in Paris, with deep bronzed and bearded faces. Without exception the men were pictures of health. There were many touching scenes in the railroad terminals when the returning soldiers greeted their families. Among the boulevards the "politus" received frenzied ovations.

IN OUR OWN STATE

(Continued from page 1.)  
ing outifts have been installed at more than a dozen of the wells and nine tanks, holding from 100 to 250 barrels, have been filled. The area drilled covers about two square miles. Supplies in the way of pipes are arriving daily and all that is lacking to make the field rank high in oil circles and bring returns to those interested is a pipe line and a refinery.

UNITED STATES NEWS

(Continued from page 1.)  
but a few months previous that President Wilson had declared:  
"My warm advocacy and support both of the principle and of the honest practice of civil service reform is known to the whole country, and there is no danger that the spoils system will creep in with my approval or connivance."

But repeated instances of good men cast out to make places for political henchmen, soon convinced the real friends of good government that there was to be no regard whatever for the principle of civil service reform. Dr. Charles W. Elliot, president of the National Civil Service Reform League, outlined the situation at the annual meeting of the League in December, after the new administration had had nine months of opportunity to make changes. He was quoted as saying:

"Of the 22 ministers displaced, 13 had had several years' experience in diplomatic service, while none of the new appointees had had any experience. Several of the appointments of obscure men to diplomatic posts have seemed to the public to

be made in payment of political debts."

These few instances, which might be multiplied not only in the diplomatic service but in the government service at home, illustrate the manner in which efficiency has been sacrificed, making necessary a repetition of the years of constructive effort by Republican administrations in order to place the public service on the high plane it occupied prior to March 4, 1913.

Editors Visit San Diego Exposition

San Diego, July 12.—Forgetting the big news stories of the day 500 members of the National Editorial Association were visitors to the San Diego Exposition July 5th and 4th. Royal entertainment was served the editors and newspaper men and the Exposition trip was pronounced the most enjoyable on the itinerary. A monster luncheon tendered the visitors served to give them an acquaintance with Exposition officials. At this President G. A. Davidson, of the Exposition, thanked the editorial men for their co-operation in making the Exposition a success. The trip which the National Editorial Association made here was just after the convention held in Los Angeles which they pronounced to be the most successful gathering the Association ever held.

Rescue Driver and Passenger

New York.—In the sight of thousands of persons along the North river a hydroaeroplane bearing A. B. Gaines and Erwin Morse, son of Chas. W. Morse, was disabled and turned turtle in the middle of the stream. Both men were rescued by boats which put out quickly from the shore, and the machine, which did not sink, was towed to the pier. The accident marred what was intended to be the inauguration of a regular hydroaeroplane passenger service between this city and Albany.

Take a  
**Perrell Orderlies**  
Tonight  
It will act as a laxative in the  
morning  
Porter-Moore Drug Co., Inc.

## SAFETY FIRST CONFIDENCE ALWAYS

The Government Charters, Examiners  
and Controls the National Banks.

The Berea National seeks your business on its record

**BEREA NATIONAL BANK**  
BEREA, KENTUCKY

**BRODHEAD FAIR AUGUST 11, 12, 13.**

# The Story of Waitstill Baxter

By KATE DOUGLAS WIGGIN

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## CHAPTER XXI.

Lov's Young Dream.

**I**T was not an afternoon for day dreams, for there was a chill in the air and a gray sky. Only a week before the hills along the river might have been the walls of the New Jerusalem, shining like red gold. Now the glory had departed, and it was a naked world, with empty nests hanging to boughs that not long ago had been green with summer.

Young love thought little of nature's miracles, and hearts that beat high and fast were warm enough to forget the bleak wind and gathering clouds. If there were naked trees were there not full barrels of apples in every cellar? If there was nothing but stubble in the frozen fields, why there was plenty of wheat and corn at the mill all ready for grinding. The cold air made one long for a cheery home and fireside, the crackle of a hearth log, the bubbling of a steaming kettle, and Patty and Mark clung together as they walked along, making bright images of a life together, sung, warm and happy.

Patty was a capricious creature, but all her changes were sudden and endearing ones, captivating those who loved her more than a monotony and unchanging virtue. Any little shower with Patty always ended with a rainbow, that made the landscape more enchanting than before. Of late her little coquettish and pettiness had disappeared as if by magic. She had been melted somehow from irresponsible girlhood into womanhood and that, too, by the ardent affection of a very ordinary young man who had no great gift save that of loving Patty greatly. The love had served its purpose in another way, too, for under its influence Mark's own manhood had broadened and deepened. He longed to bind Patty to him for good and all, to capture the bright bird whose flitting wings and burnished plumage so captured his senses and stirred his heart, but his longings had changed with the quality of his love, and he glowed at the thought of delivering the girl from her dreary surroundings and giving her the tenderness, the ease and comfort, the innocent gayety, that her nature craved.

"You won't fail me, Patty darling?" he was saying at this moment, "Now that our plans are finally made, with never a weak point anywhere as far as I can see, my heart is set upon carrying them out that every hour of waiting seems an age!"

"No, I won't fail, Mark; but I never know the day that father will go to town until the night before. I can always hear him making his prepara-



"You won't fail me, Patty, darling?" he was saying.

tions in the barn and the shed, and ordering Waitstill here and there. He is as excited as if he was going to Boston instead of Milltown."

"The night before will do. I will watch the house every evening till you hang a white sign from your window."

"It won't be white," said Patty, who would be mischievous on her deathbed. "My Sunday-go-to-meeting' petticoat is

too grand, and everything else that we have is yellow."

"I shall see it, whatever color it is, you can be sure of that!" said Mark gallantly. "Then it's decided that next morning I'll wait at the tavern from sunrise, and whenever your father and Waitstill have driven up Beacon Hill I'll come and pick you up, and we'll be off like a streak of lightning across the hills to New Hampshire. How lucky that Riverboro is only thirty miles from the state line! It looks like snow, and how I wish it would be something more than a flurry, a regular whizzing, whirling storm that would pack the roads and let us slip over them with our sleigh bells ringing!"

"I know you do. That's what I'm afraid of." And Mark's voice showed decided nervousness. "You won't get out of the notion of marrying me, will you, Patty dear?"

"I should like that, for they would be our only wedding bells. Oh, Mark! What if Waitstill shouldn't go, after all, though I heard father tell her that he needed her to buy things for the store, and that they wouldn't be back till after nightfall. Just to think of being married without Waitstill!"

"You can do without Waitstill on this one occasion, better than you can without me," laughed Mark, pinching Patty's cheek. "I've given the town clerk due notice and I have a friend to meet me at his office. He is going to lend me his horse for the drive home, and we shall change back the next week. That will give me a fresh horse each way and we'll fly like the wind, snow or no snow. When we come down Gilead Board hill that night, Patty, we shall be man and wife; isn't that wonderful?"

"We shall be man and wife in New Hampshire, but not in Maine, you say," Patty reminded him dolefully. "It does seem dreadful that we can't be married in our own state and have to go dangling about with this secret on our minds day and night, but it can't be helped. You'll try not to even think of me as your wife till we go to Portsmouth to live, won't you?"

"You're asking too much when you say I'm not to think of you as my wife, for I shall think of nothing else, but I've given you my solemn promise," said Mark stoutly, "and I'll keep it as sure as I live. We'll be legally married by the laws of New Hampshire, but we won't think of it as a marriage till I tell your father and mine and we drive away once more together. That time it will be in the sight of everybody, with our heads in the air. I've got the little house in Portsmouth all ready, Patty. It's small, but it's in a nice part of the town. Portsmouth is a pretty place, but it'll be a great deal prettier when it has Mrs. Mark Wilson living in it. We can be married over again in Maine afterward if your heart is set upon it. I'm willing to marry you in every state of the Union so far as I am concerned."

"I think you've been so kind and good and thoughtful, Mark, dear," said Patty, more fondly and meltingly than she had ever spoken to him before, "and so clever too. I do respect you for getting that good position in Portsmouth and being able to set up for yourself at your age. I shouldn't wonder a bit if you were a judge some day and then what a proud girl I shall be!"

Patty's praise was bestowed none too frequently, and it sounded very sweet in the young maid's ears.

"I do believe I can get on with you to help me, Patty," he said, pressing her arm more closely to his side and looking down ardently into her radiant face. "You're a great deal cleverer than I am, but I have a faculty for the business of the law, so my father says, and a faculty for money making too. And even if we have to begin in a small way my salary will be a certainty, and we'll work up together. I can see you in a yellow satin dress stiff enough to stand alone!"

"It must be white satin, if you please, not yellow! After having used a hundred and ten yards of shop worn yellow calico on myself within two years I never want to wear that color again! If only I could come to you better provided," she sighed, with the suggestion of tears in her voice. "If I'd been a common servant I could have saved something from my wages to be married on. I haven't even got anything to be married in!"

"I'll get you anything you want in Portsmouth tomorrow."

"Certainly not; I'd rather be married in rags than have you spend your money upon me beforehand!"

"Remember to have a box of your belongings packed and slipped under the shed somewhere. You can't be certain what your father will say or do when the time comes for telling him, and I want you to be ready to leave on a moment's notice."

"I will; I'll do everything you say, Mark. But are you sure that we have thought of every other way? I do so hate being underhanded. Everything depends on my keeping it secret from Waitstill, but she doesn't suspect anything yet. She thinks of me as nothing but a child still. Do you suppose Ellen would go with us just to give me a little comfort? I shouldn't miss Waitstill so much if I had Ellen, and how happy I shall be if she approves of me for a sister and thinks your mother and father will like me in time."

"There never was a creature born into the world that wouldn't love you, Patty."

"I don't know; look at Aunt Abby Cole," said Patty pensively. "Well, it does not seem as if a marriage that isn't good in Riverboro was really decent. How tiresome of Maine to want all those days of public notice; people must so often want to get married in a minute. If I think about anything too long I always get out of the notion."

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"Any mother, and she cannot say a word to her dear sister, and she's going away to be married to you, that's almost a stranger, and she isn't eighteen and doesn't know what's coming to her nor what it means to be married. She dreads her father's anger, and she cannot rest till she knows whether your family will love her and take her in, and, oh, she's a miserable, worried girl, not a bit like the old Patty!"

Mark held her close and smoothed the curls under the loose brown hood. "Don't you fret, Patty darling. I'm not the boy I was last week. Every word you say makes me more of a man. I wish the road to New Hampshire was full of lions and I could fight my way through them just to show you how strong I feel."

"There'll be lions enough," smiled Patty through her tears, "though they won't have manes and tails. But I can imagine how father will roar and how my courage will ooze out of the heels of my boots."

"Just let me catch the deer on roasting at my wife!" exclaimed Mark, with a swelling chest. "Now, run along home, Patty, dear, for I don't want you scolded on my account. I'll sound Ellen and see if she's brave enough to be one of the eloping party. Good night! Good night!"

(To be Continued)

## GEMS OF THOUGHT.

Moral energy grows with the obstacles against which it is measured, and the putting forth of moral energy as the purpose of our lives is the highest exemplification of humanity. When we put forth the highest moral energy, then we touch the stars of life.—Felix Adler.

Begu your web, and God will supply you with thread.—Italian Proverb.

The church of all the saints is a great power in the world. Every true servant of God must belong with this mighty service of God, must get his strength through it and contribute his strength to it.—Phillips Brooks.

Let not thy peace depend on the tongues of men.—Thomas a Kempis.

## SHORT SERMONS.

As a simple naturalism takes the place of the old pessimistic supernaturalism, the faith of the world—that in every man which helps him to realize his aspirations—has an optimistic glow.—E. E. Newirth.

It is a grand thing to find joy in one's work. If you have found that, you have found the heart of life. Glad service is better than great service unless it be glad too.—James Buckham.

Of course we have a duty to distinguish between the good and the bad, but we have a duty to discriminate also among the things that are good. We are made not for the good only, but for the best.—Robert Speer.

## A Great Nimrod.

"Did you shoot that bold on the wing?"  
"Now, I shot him in the foot."  
"What he in de air?"  
"Now, he wuz on de ground, walk ing around."  
"Dea it's a wonder he didn't fly erway!"  
"No chanst! I had him tied."—Wisconsin State Journal.

## The Cause.

Dentist (to protesting patient)—That can't hurt. I'm not even touching your tooth.  
Patient—No, but you're on my corn.—Philadelphia

## IN THE HOME



**VERSE FOR THIS WEEK**  
All my life I still have found,  
And I will forget it never;  
Every sorrow hath its bound,  
And no cross endures forever.  
All things else have but their day,  
God's love only lasts for aye.

—P. Gerhardt.

## HOME THAT IS TRULY HOME

**Its Creation is Wholly the Art of Woman, and Really Her Life's Best Work.**

A home is not merely a house; it is an atmosphere; it is a place of beloved associations, where you can wear old clothes, and think old thoughts, and hear familiar voices without hearing them. You can be happy there, and be comfortably unhappy, be thoroughly unpleasant even, and know that those you love will think no worse of you than they do already. Luxury cannot make a home, nor can books, or pictures, or rugs, or bric-a-brac. A cat, a canary, two geraniums, a Bible and an old rocking chair may make one of the loveliest homes in the world. At the same time a home is not necessarily happy because it is the house of poverty, as some would have us believe.

The art of creating home atmosphere is wholly the art of woman, and she has none more charming. Mere care will not do it, or mere neatness and tidiness; indeed those things sometimes work the other way. The love of prettiness will not do it; good cooking will not do it, although it is a mighty help. Even being gay and merry, and kindly itself is not quite enough, although it helps even more than the cooking. Success in homemaking, as in everything else, requires that you shall feel a real joy in your work. If it is a drag, if it is an irksome duty, if your mind is on a thousand outside things that are not home, you cannot make home what it should be. Not that the homemaker should think of nothing else. That is neither desirable nor possible. But the woman whose first pleasure is to create that beautiful thing, home, will be a precious and permanent influence not only to her own family, but to all her household, to all her guests, to the whole community in which she lives.—*Youth's Companion*.

## HOW TO COOK VEGETABLES

**To Attain Best Results, These Worth-While Observances Should Be Kept Strictly in Mind.**

1. Use the freshest vegetables that can be procured.
2. All fresh green vegetables should be placed in boiling salted water.
3. All dried vegetables, such as beans, haricots, lentils, etc., should be placed in lukewarm water.
4. The use of plenty of water in the cooking of all sorts of cabbage and sprouts is not only preservative of color; it is also advantageous in reducing the disagreeable smell which cabbage water always has.
5. Never allow vegetables of any kind to remain soaking in the water in which they were boiled; drain them at once when they are cooked.
6. It is waste of money to buy old, dried vegetables, and a waste of time to try to cook them.

## Jelly Jumbies.

One-half cupful butter, one cupful sugar, one egg, one-half teaspoonful soda, one-half cupful sour milk, one-quarter teaspoonful salt, flour, currant jelly. Cream the butter, add sugar gradually, egg well beaten, soda mixed with milk, salt and flour to make a soft dough. Chill and shape, using a round cutter. On the center of one-half the pieces put currant jelly. Make these small openings in remaining halves, using a thimble, and put pieces together. Press edges slightly and bake in a rather hot oven, that jumbies may keep in good shape.

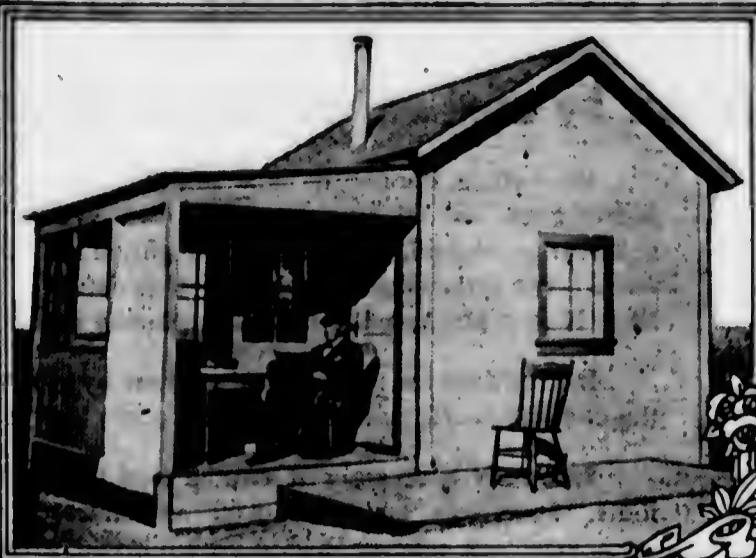
## Vegetable Ragout.

Put one cupful each sliced turnips, potatoes and carrots into boiling water. Cook till tender. Melt two tablespoonsfuls of butter in another pan, stir into it one-half cupful of minced onion and fry brown. Add two tablespoonsfuls browned flour and gradually one pint of hot water. When smooth turn contents of saucepan into it, season to taste with salt and pepper, cook slowly 30 minutes, dish and serve. Just before sending to table sprinkle a tablespoonful of minced parsley over.

## Sour Cream Cookies.

One egg beaten light, one heaping cupful sugar, one-half teaspoonful soda in one cupful sour cream, one-half cupful butter, and flavoring, and pastry flour to roll. Cream butter and sugar, add egg and the cream and whatever flavoring you prefer, then flour enough so you can roll. Moisten top of cookies with little milk and beaten yolk of egg.

## Home Care of Consumption



**H**AVE you tuberculosis, and must you make your fight at home like this fellow? Then here is help for you.

THE STATE TUBERCULOSIS COMMISSION AT THE CAPITOL BUILDING, FRANKFORT, HAS PREPARED A BOOK ON THE HOME CARE OF CONSUMPTION WHICH IT WILL SEND ON REQUEST FREE TO ANY CONSUMPTIVE OR TO ANY PHYSICIAN OR HEALTH OFFICER IN THE STATE. THIS BOOK WILL NOT TAKE THE PLACE OF THE PHYSICIAN IN ANY CASE. IT IS INTENDED TO HELP THE DOCTOR AND THE PATIENT.

The book gives helpful suggestions about how to use fresh air; how to prepare attractive dishes for the patient; how to protect the family, so that the disease will not spread to others. Prominent physicians, nurses and social workers have written and approved the book. Any one who needs the book can secure a copy by writing the Commission at its office in Frankfort.

This makes them look nice, but may be omitted.

## Chocolate Caramels.

One-half pound of chocolate, one cupful of molasses, one-half cupful of butter, two-cupfuls of sugar, one cupful of milk, one teaspoonful of vanilla. Boil the chocolate, sugar, molasses, milk and butter for fifteen or twenty minutes, then add the vanilla before taking it from the fire. Pour into buttered pans, and when nearly cold cut into squares.

## Old-Fashioned Lemon Pie.

Four lemons, chop the rind fine, then add the juice of the lemons, one quart of molasses, one pound raisins, chopped. Use three crusts, makes three pies. Bake in an old-fashioned brick oven, if you can.

## Good to Try.

When the oil stove oven bakes too quickly on the bottom, as is generally the case, you can make it bake evenly by placing a piece of asbestos the size of your pan in the bottom of the oven.

## CO-OPERATIVE ACCOUNTS

**System of Bookkeeping for Small Fruit Associations Worked Out**

Copies of the accounting forms necessary in a new system of accounting for co-operative fruit associations can now be obtained from the department. This system has been worked out by the departments to meet the needs of the smaller organizations which handle fruit and produce, on a commission basis. There are several hundred of such co-operative organizations in the United States at present and new ones are continually being formed. Many of these, however, are short lived, and their failure can be traced in many cases to a faulty system of accounting. In the new system described by the department in Bulletin No. 225, "A System of Accounting for Cooperative Fruit Associations," an envelope system is substituted for the safe book as being more flexible. In these envelopes all records and papers are held from the time the fruit is received until payment is made by the person to whom a carload of fruit is shipped. There is thus one envelope for each carload shipment. After the car has been paid for, the difference between the amount received and the various charges connected with the shipment constitutes the balance due to the grower.

Those who desire further information on this subject are requested to apply to the department, which through its Office of Markets is endeavoring to assist in every possible way co-operative associations in solving accounting problems.

## IN KENTUCKY

The following is the poem, "Kentucky," written by the late James H. Mulligan:

The moonlight falls the softest,  
In Kentucky;  
The summer days come oftest,  
In Kentucky;  
Friendship is the strongest,  
Love's light glows the longest,  
Yet, wrong is always wrongest,  
In Kentucky;

Life's burdens bear the lightest  
In Kentucky;

The home fires burn the brightest,  
In Kentucky;  
While players are the keenest,  
Cards come out the meanest,  
The pocket empties cleanest,  
In Kentucky;

The sun shines ever brightest,  
In Kentucky;

The breezes whisper lightest,  
In Kentucky;

Plain girls are the fewest,  
Their little hearts are truest,  
Maiden's eyes the bluest,  
In Kentucky.

States are the grandest,  
In Kentucky;

Officials are the blankest,  
In Kentucky;

Boys are all the fleetest,  
Danger ever highest,  
Taxes are the highest,  
In Kentucky.

The bluegrass waves the bluest,  
In Kentucky;

Yet, bluebells are the fewest (?)  
In Kentucky;

Moonshine is the clearest,  
By no means the dearest,  
And, yet, it acts the queerest,  
In Kentucky.

The dove-notes are the saddest,  
In Kentucky;

The streams dance on the gladdest,  
In Kentucky;

Hip pocket is the thickest,  
Pistol hands the sickest,  
The cylinder turns 'quickest,  
In Kentucky.

The songs birds are the sweetest,  
In Kentucky;

The thoroughbreds are fleetest,  
In Kentucky;

Mountains tower proudest,  
Thunder peals the loudest,  
The landscape is the grandest—  
And polities—the damndest,  
In Kentucky.

This Porch Costs \$18



## TOWSER.

Towser was an old dog. He had been on the farm for many years, and Farmer Mason thought he was too old to be a watchdog any longer. So he brought a new dog home one day and put him in Towser's house. Poor Towser did not understand it. He slept in the kitchen and the new dog had his house in the yard and ate out of his dish.

"Hello, Towser," said Pussy the next morning. "How do you like sleeping in the house?"

"It was nice and warm," said Towser, trying not to show his feelings. "Yes, I know that," said Pussy; "but you have looked out for things so long it must be hard to see someone in your place. He is a fine-looking fellow," added Pussy, as she went out the door.

Towser did not go around where the doghouse was for several days.

"Poor Towser," said the farmer's wife one morning, "he really seems to feel hurt at being put out of his house. I truly think he is a better watchdog now than the new one, for a tramp came up to the door the other morning, and the new dog did not bark. Towser did, though, and he drove him out in quick time."

"Towser has been a good dog," said Farmer Mason, "but he has had his day. I think he should have an easy time, now he is old. I hope when I am old someone will let me take things easy. Don't you worry about Towser; he'll get used to things in a few days."

One day Towser was passing through the yard, and the new dog growled. Towser did not notice him at first, but when he kept it up Towser walked toward him, growling and showing his teeth, and by the time he reached him the new dog turned and went into the house.

"He is a coward," said the old rooster, who was watching them. "Towser is worth three like him."

"But Towser is old," said the little brown hen, "the new dog is young and he is fine-looking, also."

"That is what Pussy thinks," said the rooster. "Handsome does is what I think," he said, strutting over to the pig pen.

"Madam Pig," he asked, "what do you think of the new dog?"

"I think Towser the best," she said. "That new dog comes over here and barks at us just like a silly dog."

The rooster met the horse next.

"How do you like the new dog?" he asked.

"He is a stupid creature," said the horse. "He runs at my heels and

the dove-notes are the saddest,  
In Kentucky;

The streams dance on the gladdest,  
In Kentucky;

Hip pocket is the thickest,  
Pistol hands the sickest,  
The cylinder turns 'quickest,  
In Kentucky.

The songs birds are the sweetest,  
In Kentucky;

The thoroughbreds are fleetest,  
In Kentucky;

Mountains tower proudest,  
Thunder peals the loudest,  
The landscape is the grandest—  
And polities—the damndest,  
In Kentucky.

"How Do You Like Sleeping in the House?"

barks like any common dog, and I for one think it is a shame that Towser was put out of his house for that good-for-nothing animal."

One night Farmer Mason heard a loud barking, and then the smashing of glass. He took his gun and ran downstairs. He found the window in the kitchen broken, and when he looked out there was Towser standing over a man and growling very fiercely. The man was a burglar that had tried to enter the house by the kitchen window.

The new dog was in his house. He had let the man come in the yard and did not bark. Towser wagged his tail and looked at his master in a very knowing manner.

The next day the new dog was led away by a boy to whom Farmer Mason had given him, and Towser was put back in his house.

His master patted his head and said: "If you can catch a man at your eye and hold him, you will do to look out for us for a while yet."

The Greatest Mistake.

It is a silly sort of pride that makes one ashamed to own up that he has been mistaken. No one, old or young, is always right, and if you are ready to admit that you are sometimes mistaken, why should you be ashamed to own a special mistake. The greatest of all mistakes is to pretend that you never made one.—*Girls' Companion*.

## A Young Skeptic.

Caller—Marjorie, if you drink so much tea you will be an old maid.

Marjorie—I don't believe that at all. Mamma drinks lots of tea and she's married twice on' isn't an old maid yet.

## SIX DOORS

## FOR ASPIRING YOUNG PEOPLE

## 1st Door—Berea's Vocational Schools

Training that adds to your money-earning power, combined with general education.

FOR YOUNG MEN—Agriculture, Carpentry, Bricklaying, Printing, Commerce and Telegraphy.

FOR YOUNG LADIES—Home Science, Dressmaking, Cooking, Nursing, Stenography and Typewriting.

## 2nd Door—Berea's Foundation School

General Education for those not far advanced, combined with some vocational training. No matter what your present advancement, we can put you with others like yourself and give chance for most rapid progress.

## 3rd Door—Berea's General Academy Course

For those who are not expecting to teach and who are not going thru College, but desire more general education. This is just the thing for those preparing for medical studies or other professions without a college course. It also gives the best general education for those who wish a good start in study and expect to carry it on by themselves.

## 4th Door—Berea's Normal School

This gives the very best training for those who expect to teach. Courses are so arranged that young people can teach through the summer and fall and attend school through the winter and spring, thus earning money to keep right on in their course of study. Read Dinsmore's great book, "How to Teach a District School."

## 5th Door—Berea's Preparatory Academy Course

This is the straight road to College—best training in Mathematics, Sciences, Languages, History and all preparatory subjects. The Academy is now Berea's largest department.

## 6th Door—Berea College

This is the crown of the whole Institution, and provides standard courses in all advanced subjects.

## Questions Answered

BEREA, FRIEND OF WORKING STUDENTS. Berea College with its affiliated schools, is not a money-making institution. It requires certain fees, but it expends many thousands of dollars each year for the benefit of its students, giving highest advantages at lowest cost, and arranging as far as possible for students to earn and save in every way.

OUR SCHOOL IS LIKE A FAMILY, with careful regulations to protect the character and reputation of the young people. Our students come from the best families and are earnest to do well and improve. For any who may be sick the College provides doctor and nurse without extra charge.

All except those with parents in Berea live in College buildings, and many assist in work of boarding hall, farm and shops, receiving valuable training and getting pay according to the value of their labor. Except in winter it is expected that all will have a chance to earn a part of their expenses. Write to the Secretary before coming to secure employment.

PERSONAL EXPENSES for clothing, laundry, postage, books, etc., vary with different people. Berea favors plain clothing. Our climate is the best, but as students must attend classes regardless of the weather, warm wraps and underclothing, umbrellas and overshoes are necessary. THE CO-OPERATIVE STORE furnishes books, toilet articles, work uniforms, umbrellas and other necessary articles at cost.

LIVING EXPENSES are really below cost. The College asks no rent for the fine buildings in which students live, charging only enough room rent to pay for cleaning, repaire, fuel, lights, and washing of bedding and towels. For table board, without coffee or extras, \$1.35 a week, in the fall, and \$1.50 in winter; for furnished room, with fuel, lights, washing of bedding, 40 to 60 cents for each person.

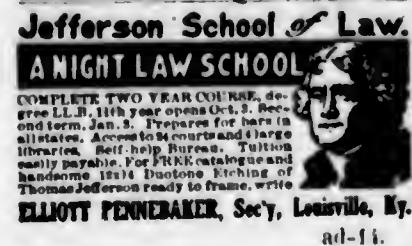
SCHOOL FEES are two. First a "DOLLAR DEPOSIT," as guarantee for return of room key, library books, etc. This is paid but once, and is returned when the student dep

## East Kentucky Correspondence News You Get Nowhere Else

No correspondence published unless signed in full by the writer. The name is not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. Write plainly.

### ANNOUNCEMENT

WE are authorized to announce R. L. MOORE of Marion, Ky., as a candidate for office of Treasurer of the State of Kentucky, subject to the action of the Republican party, at the August primary. Ad-4



ELLIOTT PENNEBAKER, Secy., Louisville, Ky.

ad-14

### JACKSON COUNTY

#### Clover Bottom

Clover Bottom, July 12.—Miss Nannie Smith of Shirley has been visiting her sister, at this place, Mrs. Lucy Dean, the past week.—Mr. Pennington and wife of Berea and Miss Fox of Big Hill have been in these parts for a few days visiting former students of Berea College.—Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Bowling's baby is very low with some kind of spinal trouble that is different from any that has been here. The little one is so affected that it tries to tear the hair out of the back part of its head.—W. I. Powell is sick with a nervous break-down and has been unable to work for the past week.—Lloyd Powell (James' son) got his head cut very badly a few days ago. The ax slipped while Thomas Azbill was cutting bushes and struck him.—Miss Mintie Cunnigan of Moores Creek came down to this place to begin her school at Cave Springs. It is her second school at this place.—H. N. Dean and family and Miss Nannie Smith went on a picnic excursion to the Rock Bridges, between South Fork and Birch Creek, the 11th inst.—Sand Gap Lodge I. O. O. F. met the 10th inst. and installed the following officers for the next six months: H. N. Dean, N. G.; S. C. Powell, V. G.; W. S. Brockman, Secy.; Jacob Hillard, Treasurer; and G. W. Brockman, Warden.—A. C. Bicknell returned from Drip Rock where he has been at work for some time.—The taxes for Jackson County will be as follows this year: State Taxes, 55 cents on the \$100 worth of property; County, 30 cents on \$100; School, 20 cents per \$100; County Poll Tax, \$1.50 on each male citizen over 21 years of age; School Poll, \$1.00 on each citizen, making the total tax \$2.50 poll, and \$1.05 on each one-hundred dollars.

### Tyner

Tyner, July 9.—Farmers are behind with their work, owing to the wet weather.—Corn is looking well, and oats is the best ever known here.—Elgin Gipson is on the sick list.—Master Matt Moore has been very sick the past week with shingles.—Don't forget to attend the farmers day, on Thursday, of the Institute at McKeith.—Ray Moore and Alfred Rader have gone to Lexington, where they expect to get work on street cars.

### Parrot

Parrot, July 10.—Owing to so much wet weather farmers are behind with their work in this neighborhood.—Miss Laura Spence of Ionia was in this part in the interest of the Canning Club.—The regular church days at Letter Box are the first Saturday and Sunday in each month.—News reached here today that Bert McDowell of this place, who was at work on the train from Bondtown to East Bernstadt, was very badly hurt and was taken to Richmond for treatment. We hope he is not seriously hurt and will soon recover.—Married, July 3, at the home of the bride, John Cunningham to Miss Sallie Settles. The Rev. Pearl Baker officiated.—Letter Box school begins Monday, July 12th, with Berry Baker as teacher.

### Hurley

Hurley, July 9.—The corn is not doing much good in this neighborhood on account of so much rain.—School is progressing nicely at this place with Mrs. Jerry York as teacher.—Born to Mr. and Mrs. David Gabbard, July 9, a girl. Her name is Mable.—Ed Gabbard is going to move his mill to J. M. Higgin's farm.—Mrs. Floyd Baker has been on the sick list this week.—Several of the people from here are planning to attend the Berea fair.—Hurley for The Citizen.

### Green Hall

Green Hall, July 12.—The heaviest rain that has fallen in this vicinity this season fell Sunday afternoon.—Crops of all kinds are fine and everybody ought to feel thankful for it.

Mrs. Henrietta Roop of Silver Creek visited her parents last week, Mr. and Mrs. Tivis Rayburn.—A very interesting sermon was preached yesterday afternoon at the Baptist Church by Bro. Petty of Richmond. He will preach every second and fourth Sunday in each month.

### Harts

Harts, July 12.—The heavy rains have done considerable damage to farmers in this section.—John Van Winkle and Miss Creek of Berea were upset over a high bank at the horse-shoe bend on Scaffold Cane hill. Horse and buggy and parties escaped with little injury.—Willard Barclay of Shirley, Ill., was calling on friends at this place.—President Frost and wife took supper Saturday evening, with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Johnston.—Prayer meeting and Sunday-school is progressing nicely at this place with Mr. Hunt as leader.—Misses Ella and Minnie Lake will leave today for Mt. Vernon to attend the county institute.—Quite a number of young folks attended the ice cream supper at Silver Creek, Saturday night.

### ESTILL COUNTY

#### Iron Mound

Iron Mound, July 11.—The rainy weather continues.—Farmers are losing a great deal of their wheat and oats.—Miss Mand Sparks has returned home after a 10-days visit with friends and relatives.—The rain prevented quite a few from attending the farmers lecture given by Benton Fielder last night at Corinth.—Willie Hise had a very valuable mule to die last week.—Mrs. Julie Vaughn is quite poorly at this writing, having just returned to her home at this place after a two-months visit with her daughter, Mrs. Jeff Hill, near Winchester.—Mrs. Amanda Williams began her school at the Fork School-house the 6th.—The mad dog scare in this neighborhood has almost proven to be a false alarm.

### ROCKCASTLE COUNTY

#### Boone

Boone, July 12.—It is remaining extremely wet.—Farmers are working against the weeds and have almost lost the victory.—We witnessed on last Wednesday night a terrible storm with a downpour of rain which washed away lots of corn and fencing.—The Rev. Mr. Goode of Crab Orchard filled his regular appointment at Fairview Church, Saturday and Sunday.—Miss Maud Blair, daughter of J. C. Blair, who has been sick with pneumonia fever, is fast recovering.—The baseball team of Snider has been playing some good games.—The majority of our community have engaged in the berry business.

# Berea Canning Outfit No. 50

## It can be used on coal stove, oil stove or out of doors

1st. As a canner it cans 12 quart jars, 8 half gallon jars, 20 three-pound cans, or 30 two pound cans. We furnish with the canner a boiler, tray, and lid, all made out of galvanized, hammered, open hearth steel. We also furnish booklet of instruction. This book is edited by Mrs. Harry Morgan, the highest authority on canning in glass jars.

Instructions for tin cans are written by Mr. Fletcher who surprised the canning world with our canning outfit last year.

2nd. As a steamer it can be used to steam cake, bread, hams and soups. It makes an old rooster as tender as a spring chicken. For steaming black cake or Boston brown bread, it has no equal. It will do all a \$10.00 sterilizer will do.

The government approves our canner. Miss Rebecca Oglesby, our county demonstrator, says, "It is the best and cheapest canner on the market today." She wants all her club girls to own one. Goverment Demonstrator, Spence will never get through talking about our canner. He is for it. He wants one of our canners in each home in his district.

Berry season is right here. Get that canner now. Understand our canner is a regular \$5.00 canner. To introduce it we made the price \$3.00 for a limited time.

We guarantee that you, with our canner can can corn, Beans or any vegetable as good or better than you can buy these things in the store or your money back.

Just follow instructions given with each canner.

Send us \$3.50 and we will send you any where within 150 miles of Berea our No. 5 Canner by parcel post.

Sell six of our No. 5 Canners and we will send you one free.

Agents wanted in every county.

We make any size from home to factory canner. Write for prices on larger sizes. Price on galvanized steel has nearly doubled within the last 60 days. Buy at once before price goes up.

## BEREA SCHOOL OF ROOFING

Phone 7 or 181-2

Henry Longfellow, Mgr.

Berea, Kentucky

### MAKING ROADS IN THE FALL

Every Township Should Own Gravel Pits From Which Material Can Be Cheaply Obtained.

There is a growing demand for more and better roadmaking during the autumn months. In many localities the roads become filled with deep ruts and the wheel tracks so depressed during the summer that they collect rain which soon wash them into gutters and ruin the roads for heavy loads and comfortable travel.

There is no reason why a portion of the road tax should not be used for putting the highways in a better condition for travel. The splitting drag and other roadmaking implements should be put to work before the ground freezes. The outside of the roads should be brought into the center of the track, which will establish a crust that will shed water, rather than retain rain, which are sure to occur during the late fall and early spring months.

Roads having a full high center are quite sure to remain in a good condition during the rainy season of fall and spring. Steep hills, where water is apt to collect in wheel tracks, should be provided with open gutters on each side into which rains may be diverted, with an occasional crest which water cannot pass. Approaches to bridge and culverts should be so filled with earth that vehicles of all kinds may pass over them without serious jolts and jars. Roads are much improved when covered with gravel. This is a season of the year when such work can be accomplished at a minimum expense.

Every township should own gravel pits, from which roadmaking material can be cheaply obtained. Concrete roads will soon become popular. The same material should be used in making bridges and culverts. A good quality of sand and gravel is necessary to make serviceable concrete. Every farmer should have an especial interest in all roads joining his place and leading to market.

Give Meat to Pullets. Give considerable meat food to the growing pullets now and they will lay earlier on account of it. Commercial prepared beef scrap, or cut fresh bone, will be satisfactory for this purpose, and skim milk will be of great assistance.

Easy to Improve Tomato. It would not be easy to find a fruit that can be more rapidly improved by careful selection or run out more rapidly by careless handling than the tomato.

Honor the old, instruct the young, consult the wise, and bear with the foolish.—German Proverb.

No Disputing It. "Introspection," says a Boston minister, "is more profitable than retrospection." Of course it is. Retrospection merely reveals to the average man what a tasseled fool he has been; introspection, if he is honest with himself, reveals to him what a blossoming jackass he is.—Houston Post.

### FARMERS MEETING

To the farmers, corn club boys, tomato club girls, and all those interested in agriculture there will be an all-day farmers meeting on Thursday, August 5th, in McKee, Jackson County, Kentucky. This being teachers institute week, the entire day will be taken up in lectures, speeches, and discussions by the entire teaching force and probably by speakers from Kentucky Experiment Station, also Dr. William Martin and Professor Keith of Richmond.

Don't fail to attend and bring your entire family with you. Agriculture is taking on new features in Jackson County. You want to be in the front, so don't miss this opportunity.

Respectfully yours,  
W. H. Reynolds,  
County Agent.

### AUTOMOBILE TRAVELS ON LAND AND WATER

A curious vehicle that travels both on land and water has been brought into service on the Coast of Oregon for carrying passengers between Marshfield and a railway terminal 65 miles distant. This vehicle, which the inventor calls the "Amphibion," consists of an automobile body mounted on standard wheels and equipped with large pontoons, one fixed to each side of the car. The craft is driven by an aerial propeller, having a diameter of 7 1/2 ft., and operated by an 80-hp. aeroplane engine. Along the smooth beach sands the "Amphibion" has attained a speed of 75 miles an hour. When the driver comes to a bay or inlet he drives boldly into it. The pontoons float the vehicle, while the aerial propeller drives it across the water at a speed of 15 miles an hour. A picture of the machine appears in the May Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Many People in This Town never really enjoyed a meal until we advised them to take a "Roxoff" Dysepsia Tablet before and after each meal. Sold only by Porter-Moore Drug Co., Inc.

The better the flour, the better the bread

Use

## Potts' Gold Dust Flour

and enough said.

ONCE TRIED—ALWAYS USED